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~~Trim panel, suitable for attaching to a displaceable
seat, and seat~~

TRIM PANEL FOR A DISPLACEABLE SEAT

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATIONS

5 [0001] The present Application is a National Phase Application of
PCT/EP2004/014056 entitled, "Trim Panel, Suitable for Attaching to a Displaceable
Seat, and Seat" filed on December 10, 2004 which published under PCT Article 21(2)
on June 23, 2005 as WO 2005/056331 A1 in the German language, which claims
priority to German Patent Application DE 103 59 019.6 filed December 15, 2003, the
10 entire disclosure of which, including the specification and drawings, is expressly
incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND

[0002] The invention relates to a trim panel, ~~suitable for attaching to~~
~~a displaceable seat, in particular a vehicle.~~ More specifically,
15 the present invention relates to a trim panel suitable for attaching to a displaceable
seat, the seat having a seat component which can be displaced relative to a seat
substructure.

~~Seats of this type~~[0003] Displaceable vehicle seats are known ~~in~~
~~general.~~ In the case of such conventional displaceable vehicle seats, ~~the~~
20 ~~construction causes~~ parts of the seat structure (e.g., substructure) or the
displacing device of the seat ~~to be~~ are often visible laterally below the seat cushion.
Since these ~~metal elements do not provide an attractive~~
~~view~~ elements (often metal) are generally considered to be unsightly, they are
frequently concealed, ~~in particular~~ particularly in higher-value vehicles. For
25 this purpose, coverings or panels are provided on the structure and/or the cushion
shell, ~~the~~ The coverings or panels ~~being~~ are fastened to the structure or to the
seat displacer by means of fastening elements ~~in which~~ require complicated and

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expensive installation operations. In the process, panels are frequently damaged and have to be removed and replaced in a time-consuming process. For example, the publication DE 36 23 634 C2 discloses a seat which has a supporting frame, a spring system fastened to the supporting frame, an upholstery arranged above the spring system, a side panel and a cover covering the upholstery, with the edges of the cover being stretched towards the supporting frame in order to obtain a spring preload. In this connection, resilient, (i.e. movable,) parts (e.g., ~~for example~~ the cover or the panel, etc.) are connected to parts fixed on the structure or fixed on the vehicle, ~~with the result that, in~~ by a connecting component. In the case of a movement or in the case of a spring deflection, ~~a component of this type, which connects the movable and the fixed components of the vehicle seat,~~ the connecting component is subjected to extremely high mechanical loads and therefore also to a high degree of wear. In the case of a displacement, ~~for example~~ (e.g. an adjustment in inclination), the covering or panel, ~~for example,~~ is then deformed.

~~Furthermore, it~~ [0004] It is generally known ~~in the prior art to provide a vehicle seat with a trim panel, in particular a lateral trim panel, with a panel which is fixed on the structure and in relation to which~~ moves relative to a seat cushion can move, in particular, and can be adjusted in height and in inclination. The ~~problem arises in this case that~~ known device has the disadvantage of a very high degree of wear ~~occurs~~ occurring at the transition between the movable seat cushions and the panel fixed on the structure or fixed on the vehicle due to continuous friction. Gaps and points of abrasion at the transition point, therefore ~~occur which,~~ have a negative effect either esthetically or on the service life. In addition, ~~in the case of~~ known panels of this type which are fixed on the structure, ~~they~~ have to be extremely accurate in their fitting, especially ~~also~~ at the transition ~~to the seat cushion part~~ point, and therefore can only be produced in a highly complicated and expensive manner.

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~~The invention is therefore based on the object of~~
~~providing[0005]~~ Therefore it is desirable to provide a trim panel, suitable for
attaching to a displaceable seat, and ~~a seat, in particular a vehicle~~
seat, the trim panel and seat avoiding the disadvantages of the prior art.

5

SUMMARY

~~This object is achieved according to the invention by[0006]~~
One exemplary embodiment relates to a trim panel, The trim panel is suitable for
attaching to a displaceable seat, the seat having a seat component which can be
displaced relative to ~~at least~~ a first part of a seat substructure, The first part of
10 ~~the first part of the~~ seat substructure ~~being~~ is movable
~~essentially~~ substantially horizontally together with the displaceable seat
component ~~in relation~~ relative to a second part of the seat substructure, ~~the~~
The trim panel largely ~~concealing~~ conceals at least the first part of the seat
substructure and ~~being~~ is displaceable together with the displaceable seat
15 component. ~~By means of the capability of the trim panel~~ The
trim panel is configured to move freely together with the displaceable seat
component, ~~such~~. This free movement allows the trim panel to avoid excessive
mechanical loadings in the interior of the trim panel, ~~which are to be~~
~~attributed~~ attributable to the fact that the trim panel, ~~for example,~~ would
20 have to elastically absorb and compensate for the entire displacement of the
displaceable seat component, ~~do if not occur~~. freely movable. In this respect, less
exacting demands are ~~to be made~~ required of the trim panel in respect ~~of~~ to
stability or wear resistance ~~in relation~~ due to ~~occurring~~ material stresses,
which are to be absorbed elastically, ~~are caused by the displacement~~
25 and have a comparatively large amplitude, caused by the displacement of the seat
component. Nevertheless, ~~of course,~~ the trim panel has to absorb forces, for
example those which are caused by a user ~~by the latter~~ sitting down on the
edge of the seat part of the seat. ~~In this case, however,~~ According to one
embodiment it is advantageously possible ~~according to the invention to~~

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configure the trim panel in a simple manner to be of such stiffness and stability that forces of this type caused by a user can easily be absorbed because the trim panel does not have to be ~~designed at the same time in such a manner~~ that it has have a high elasticity over comparatively large deformation amplitudes and ~~has this~~ over the entire service life of the vehicle. ~~Owing to the fact that the trim panel largely conceals the seat substructure~~ According to such an embodiment, it is possible that comparatively large tolerances can be provided between the trim panel and the seat substructure or parts or components fixed on the structure or fixed on the vehicle since the trim panel largely conceals the seat substructure. As such, ~~with the result that the~~ requirements with regard to the accurate fitting of the trim panel can be comparatively ~~inexacting~~ less exact, which reduces the production costs of the trim panel. The trim panel is also referred to below as support part.

~~The~~ [0007] According to another exemplary embodiment, the seat component preferably comprises a seat cushion and/or a seat shell. ~~In this case,~~ The trim panel is attached to the seat cushion, for example to the upholstery frame or spring frame of the seat surface of the seat, or to the seat shell, and is fastened elastically within limits. ~~By this means, it is advantageously possible to attach~~ According to one embodiment, the trim panel is attached to a point of the seat that permits the maximum amount of construction space or space for accommodating the seat substructure, ~~which is~~ concealed by the trim panel. The seat substructure can ~~thereby~~ therefore be ~~provided~~ designed in such a manner that allows both a large functional scope with regard to the displacement possibilities of the displaceable seat component ~~can be realized, and also for~~ the seat substructure ~~can~~ to be produced simply and robustly.

~~Furthermore, it is preferred for~~ [0008] According to another exemplary embodiment, the first part of the seat substructure ~~to have~~ has at least a frame essentially encircling the seat shell, the frame preferably running essentially in the plane of the seat shell. ~~By this means, it is advantageously possible in a simple manner to configure~~

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~~the seat substructure~~In such embodiment, the seat structure is configured in a simple and stable manner and ~~nevertheless~~ to provide the seat shell with a comparatively large possibility of movement.

~~It is preferable, furthermore, for~~[0009] According to another
5 exemplary embodiment, at least part of the seat component to ~~have~~has a decorative surface, the decorative surface at least partially covering the trim panel. ~~By this means, it is possible to give~~ Providing such a decorative surface gives a uniform external appearance to the trim panel together with the seat, which improves the overall esthetic ~~overall~~ impression of the seat. ~~It is thereby~~
10 ~~furthermore possible for~~Such an embodiment allows the trim panel ~~to be able~~ to be produced ~~considerably~~ more simply and more cost-effectively because the trim panel is not directly visible or cannot be seen, for example, by a user, at least in his normal viewing direction. A trim panel of this type can therefore be produced ~~more cost-effectively and~~ with a lower logistical outlay
15 because its surface does not have to be configured, for example, as a decorative surface and because, for example, the same coloring can be used for all of the decorative surfaces used.

~~It is preferable, furthermore, for~~[0010] According to another
exemplary embodiment, the trim panel ~~to have~~has locking elements for locking the
20 decorative surface in place. ~~By this means, it is possible in a simple manner in order~~ to design the decorative surface in an esthetically attractive manner ~~such that~~without excessively large areas of the decorative surface ~~do not occur in a manner such that although they bear against the surface of the trim panel they~~that are not
25 locked with respect to a direction perpendicular to this surface.

~~Furthermore, it is preferred that~~[0011] According to another
exemplary embodiment, the trim panel has stiffening elements, in particular in the form of ribs which confer particularly great stability and durability on the trim panel.

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~~It is furthermore preferred that~~[0012] ~~According to another exemplary embodiment,~~ the trim panel covers at least the first part of the seat substructure at least partially in the manner of a skirt and in the normal viewing direction of a user. ~~By~~In ~~this means~~an embodiment, the trim panel can be fastened to
5 the seat in a particularly simple and stable manner.

~~The invention furthermore~~[0013] ~~Another exemplary embodiment relates to a seat, in particular a vehicle seat with~~displaceable seat. The displaceable seat comprises a seat substructure and a displaceable seat component, the seat having a trim panel according to the invention. According to ~~the~~
10 ~~invention~~this particular embodiment, a seat of this type can be designed in a more cost-effective and esthetically attractive manner.

~~It is preferred, furthermore, that~~[0014] ~~According to another exemplary embodiment,~~ the displaceable seat component can be adjusted in inclination and/or can be adjusted in height relative to the first part of the seat
15 substructure. This ensures that the seat provides a user with a maximum degree of comfort and setting possibilities.

~~It is furthermore preferred that~~[0015] ~~According to another exemplary embodiment,~~ the trim panel at least on one side of the seat conceals at least the first part of the seat substructure from a lateral viewing direction. ~~By this means, it is advantageously possible according to the invention for~~
20 Such an embodiment allows the trim panel to give the seat a particularly attractive external appearance to a certain extent "on first view" because a side view of the seat is generally the first view which is visible of a vehicle or of a vehicle seat after a vehicle door is opened.

25 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

~~The invention is~~[0016] ~~Exemplary embodiments of the trim panel and the vehicle seat are explained in more detail below with reference to exemplary embodiments illustrated in the drawing~~drawings.

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[0017] ~~Figure 1—shows part~~ is a perspective view of a conventional vehicle seat ~~in.~~

[0018] ~~Figure 2 is a perspective illustration. Figures 2 and 2a show~~ parts view of a seat according to ~~the invention~~ an exemplary embodiment,
5 shown with the seat upholstery removed.

[0019] ~~Figure 2a is a perspective view of the seat of Figure 2, shown without the~~ trim panel.

[0020] ~~Figure 3—shows is~~ a perspective overall ~~view of a~~ the seat according to ~~the invention.~~ of Figure 2.

10 [0021] ~~Figure 4—shows a detailed~~ is a bottom perspective view from below of a trim panel according to ~~the invention~~ an exemplary embodiment.

[0022] ~~Figure 5—shows a detailed~~ is a top perspective view of ~~a~~ the trim panel according to ~~the invention~~ from above. of Figure 4.

15 [0023] ~~Figure 6—shows is~~ a cross-sectional illustration ~~of part of a~~ view of the seat of Figure vehicle seat according to ~~the invention.~~ 3.

[0024] ~~Figure 7—shows is~~ a detailed perspective view of the trim panel according to ~~the invention~~ from a direction laterally ~~from above.~~

20 [0025] ~~Figure 8—shows is~~ a detailed side view of the trim panel ~~according~~ to the invention ~~from the side.~~

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0026] Figure 1 illustrates a vehicle seat 100 which is conventional and known, at least in parts. A trim panel or a panel 110 is arranged around a known seat part 103,
25 with the panel 110 being fastened in a fixed manner ~~fixed~~ to the substructure 102 of the seat 100. The seat part 103 or the cushion 103 moves relative to the panel 110, and for example can be adjusted in height and/or inclination. This results, ~~of~~

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~~course,~~ in increased abrasion or an increased wear at the contact points between the cushion 103 and the panel 110 (possibly as a function of the inclination or height which is set). If the panel 110 comprises a plurality of parts, they have to be produced to be fit ~~extremely accurately fitting~~ with respect to one another, which makes ~~said~~ the panel more expensive and ~~furthermore~~ causes a reduction in the service life.

[0027] ~~Parts of a vehicle seat 1 according to the invention or a trim panel 10 according to the invention are described~~ one exemplary embodiment are illustrated in Figures 2-6 ~~below. 6.~~

10 [0028] ~~Figures 2 and 2a each illustrate a perspective view of part of the seat 1 according to the invention with the seat upholstery removed. Figure 2 also illustrates a trim panel 10 according to the invention. 10.~~ The trim panel 10 ~~according to the invention~~ is not illustrated in Figure 2a. As a result, Figure 2a more clearly reveals that a seat ~~according to the~~
15 ~~invention~~ has, in particular, a displaceable seat component 3, for example a seat shell 32, which ~~can be displaced~~ is displaceable in relation to at least a first part 25 of a seat substructure 2, ~~in particular can just be adjustable in inclination, with it being also possible to make provision for~~ 2. In an exemplary embodiment the displaceable seat component
20 3 ~~to be adjusted both~~ can adjust in inclination and ~~in/or~~ height in relation to the first part 25 of the seat substructure 2. In this ~~case~~ embodiment, the first part 25 of the seat substructure 2 has, ~~in particular,~~ a frame 24 which extends ~~essentially~~ in the plane of the seat shell 32 or of the displaceable seat component 3. For the sake of simplicity, the illustration in Figure 2 ~~is realized~~
25 ~~without~~ does not contain a seat cushion or seat upholstery. The seat 1 comprises the seat substructure 2 and the displaceable seat component 3. The displaceable seat component 3 can be adjusted in height and/or can be adjusted in length and/or can be adjusted in inclination relative at least to parts of the seat substructure 2. According to the invention, the trim panel 10 is used for the lateral cladding or covering on the seat
30 ~~1 or in the vehicle seat 1.~~ The trim panel 10 therefore fulfills the

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function of a support part which ~~permits or brings about a means of~~
~~protecting~~prevents a user of the vehicle seat from looking with respect to normal
viewing directions at the seat substructure 2. In the case of a vehicle seat 1
~~according to the invention, it is precisely the~~
5 ~~construction which causes~~ parts of the structure or a displacement device
of the seat 1 ~~to be~~are arranged, ~~in particular,~~ laterally below the seat
cushion.

~~Figure 3 illustrates a perspective overall view of a seat~~
~~1 according to the invention with a trim panel 10~~
10 ~~according to the invention. In the case of the embodiment~~
~~in Figure 3, the entire seat 1 including the trim panel~~
~~10 is~~[0029] The entire vehicle seat 1 and trim panel 10 illustrated in Figure 3 are
covered by means of a decorative material or by means of a decorative surface 33,
~~with the result that overall~~resulting in a uniform exterior and
15 ~~therefore a very~~providing an advantageous appearance can be
~~conferred on the~~of seat 1.

~~Figure 4 depicts a detailed view of the trim panel 10~~
~~according to the invention from a direction~~[0030] The trim
panel 10 as illustrated from below the seat 1 or the seat shell 32. ~~The trim~~
20 ~~panel 10~~32 in Figure 4 is fastened to the seat shell 32 by means of fastening
elements 11, for example screws, clips, rivets and the like. ~~Instead of the~~
~~seat shell 32, of course also a seat frame or a spring~~
~~frame of a seat surface of the seat 1 can be provided~~
~~according to the invention as location of attachment of~~
25 ~~the trim panel 10.~~According to an alternative embodiment, the trim panel 10
could attach to a seat from or spring frame instead of the seat shell 32. The trim panel
10 covers the seat 1 (or in particular the substructure 2 of the seat 1) ~~in an,~~ in
~~particular,~~at the lateral region 12 (but possibly also front and/or rear region) in
the manner of a skirt, ~~with the result~~so that below the seat shell 32 there is,
30 ~~firstly,~~ sufficient space for the displacement mechanism of the seat 1 and,

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~~secondly, this~~ the displacement mechanism or the parts of the seat substructure 2 is/are protected in an esthetic manner ~~against a user looking at them from a usual viewing direction. Furthermore,~~ stiffening from view from a normal viewing angle. Stiffening elements 14 of the trim panel 10 which, in the exemplary embodiment, are designed as ribs or stiffening ribs 14 are visible in Figure 4.

~~Figure 5 shows a detailed illustration of the trim panel 10 on a seat 1 from above, but with~~ [0031] The trim panel in Figure 5 is illustrated without the seat upholstery not being illustrated ~~for the sake of simplicity.~~ The trim panel 10 is attached in turn to the seat shell 32 or the upholstery frame of the seat 1.

[0032] ~~Figure 6 shows~~ illustrates a cross-sectional ~~illustration~~ view of a vehicle seat 1 with a trim panel 10 according to the invention. Again, the seat shell 32 is illustrated with the trim panel 10 fastened to it via fastening elements 11. Different parts or components of the seat substructure 2 can likewise be seen. In this case, the seat substructure 2 is referred to in summary by the reference number 2. However, ~~it is clear that~~ the first part 25 of the seat substructure 2 is movable together with the displaceable seat component 3 or together with the seat shell 32 horizontally, in particular in a longitudinal direction of the vehicle, in relation to a second part 26 of the seat substructure 2 or in relation to the vehicle body.

[0033] Various contours in various cross-sectional planes of the seat cushion 31 are likewise illustrated in Figure 6. The seat cushion 31 is covered ~~overall~~ by means of a decorative surface 33, with the decorative surface 33 also covering the trim panel 10 in addition to the seat cushion 31, ~~with the result that, according to the invention, a particularly~~ resulting in an uniform and esthetic design of the seat ~~1 is possible.~~ 1. All customary decorative materials, such as, for example, woven fabric, leather, knitted fabric, films and the like can be used as the decorative surface 33. Particularly suitable as material of the trim panel 10 are plastics, as are used in molded plastic parts in the interior of a motor vehicle.

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[0034] According to ~~the invention, it is particularly~~
advantageously possible to lock or to fasten an exemplary
embodiment, the decorative surface 33 is locked or to fastened to the trim panel 10.
~~This is advantageous because~~ 10 in an effort to avoid excessively large
5 areas covered by the decorative surface 33. Without locking or fastening the
decorative surface 33, covering excessively large areas of the trim panel with the
decorative surface 33 are thereby avoided. Such areas may,
firstly, may have an esthetically poor a negative esthetic effect and,
secondly, such surfaces may lead to the decorative surface 33 deforming
10 (e.g., going wavy, i.e. not resting smoothly against the trim panel 10, etc.) and
causing creases. To avoid such disadvantages, ~~provision is made in an~~
~~advantageous embodiment of the invention to provide~~ locking
elements 13 are provided on the trim panel 10, ~~by means of which~~ 10. The
locking elements 13 lock the decorative surface 33 ~~is locked~~ in place at least in a
15 direction perpendicular to the surface which it covers. ~~For this purpose, it~~
~~is advantageously provided according to the invention~~
~~for~~ To assist in securing the decorative surface 33 to have the locking elements 13,
the decorative surface 33 has a locking means 34 which is complementary to the
locking elements 13, ~~for~~ 13. For example ~~for it to,~~ the locking means 34
20 may be in the form a loop into which a wire 35 is sewn in the longitudinal direction of
the seat or of the vehicle (i.e. running perpendicularly to the plane of projection in
Figure 6), with the sewn-in wire 35 being able to be locked in place by means of the
locking elements 13, for example by clipping in, pushing in, latching in or the like. In
~~this case~~ such an embodiment, the locking elements 13 can be designed, for
25 example, as fastening hooks or fastening clips. At the lower end 15 of the trim panel
10, the decorative surface 33 is connected to the trim panel 10 in a conventional
manner, for example by means of fastening holes or fastening hooks by means of a
hook-in strip.

~~The~~ [0035] During assembly, the trim panel 10, which is also referred to below as
30 bracing part 10, is fastened ~~according to the invention in the~~

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~~course of the seat assembly~~ to the seat shell 32 or the cushion shell 32, for example with hollow rivets as fastening elements 11. In a preferred ~~manner~~embodiment, the seat cushion 31 or foam part 31 is then placed on and subsequently the decorative surface 33 or the cover 33 is placed above the seat

5 cushion 31 and fastened at all necessary fastening points, in particular by means of the locking elements 13 or at the lower end 15 of the trim panel 10. In this ~~situation~~ ~~according to the invention~~embodiment, the trim panel 10 ~~always~~ moves together with the seat shell 32, so that no abrasion or the like arises. Since the surface of the trim panel 10 is concealed by the decorative surface 33, it does not

10 ~~manner~~matter whether, during installation of the trim panel 10, scratches arise on the latter. Furthermore, ~~owing due~~ to the comparatively high (dimensional) tolerance of the soft decorative surface 33, high accuracy in fitting the trim panel 10 is ~~advantageously~~ not required, ~~with the result that the~~resulting in comparatively less stringent requirements in this regard ~~are comparatively~~

15 ~~inexacting~~, which makes the trim panel 10 less expensive. If the trim panel 10 is formed from plastic, an integration of fastening elements 11 or of locking elements 13 is facilitated. According to the invention, it is advantageously possible by means of the trim panel 10 for the seat cushion 31 to obtain a good support or a good base which, in particular when a person gets into or out of the vehicle, constitutes a stable

20 substructure and prevents the seat cushion 31 or the seat foam 31 from tilting. As an alternative to forming the trim panel 10 from plastic, it is, ~~of course~~, also possible ~~according to the invention~~ to provide the trim panel 10 as a sheet-metal part - in particular riveted or screwed or welded onto the seat shell 32. Furthermore, it is possible according to the invention to provide the trim panel 10

25 integrally with the seat shell 32. ~~It is preferred, in particular,~~ ~~for~~In an exemplary embodiment a displacement switch (not illustrated) for the seat displacement ~~to~~can be integrated in the trim panel 10.

[0036] Figure 7 illustrates a detailed view of the trim panel 10 ~~according to the invention~~ from a direction laterally from above, and Figure 8 illustrates a

30 detailed view of the trim panel 10 ~~according to the invention~~ as seen

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from the side. The seat cushion 31 can be seen in both figures, ~~and, in~~
~~addition in.~~ In Figure 7, the profile of the complimentary locking means 13
and ~~of the~~ locking means 34, ~~which are complementary thereto,~~ 34
of the decorative surface 33 in the longitudinal direction of the seat or of the vehicle
5 can be seen.

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~~List of reference numbers~~

- ~~1—Vehicle seat~~
- ~~2—Seat substructure~~
- 5 ~~3—Displaceable seat component~~
- ~~10—Trim panel~~
- ~~11—Fastening elements~~
- ~~12—Region~~
- ~~13—Locking elements~~
- 10 ~~14—Stiffening elements~~
- ~~15—Lower end of the trim panel~~
- ~~24—Frame~~
- ~~25—First part of the seat substructure~~
- ~~26—Second part of the seat substructure~~
- 15 ~~31—Seat cushion~~
- ~~32—Seat shell~~
- ~~33—Decorative surface~~
- ~~34—Complementary locking means~~
- ~~35—Wire~~
- 20 ~~100—Known vehicle seat~~
- ~~102—Known substructure~~
- ~~103—Known seat part~~
- ~~110—Known panel~~